

BEFORE

THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF

SOUTH CAROLINA

DOCKET NO. 2016-302-C - ORDER NO. 2016-632

SEPTEMBER 6, 2016

IN RE: Application of GoDaddy.com, LLC for a) ORDER APPOINTING
Certificate of Public Convenience and) HEARING EXAMINER
Necessity to Provide Resold Interexchange)
Telecommunications Services in the State of)
South Carolina and for Alternative)
Regulation of Its Interexchange Offerings)

This matter comes before the Public Service Commission of South Carolina (the Commission) on Motion of the Commission Staff to appoint David Stark, Esquire, as a “hearing examiner” for a hearing regarding the Application filed by GoDaddy.com, LLC for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to Provide Resold Interexchange Telecommunications Services in South Carolina. Mr. Stark would hear the evidence in the case without the presence of the Commission. We grant the Motion.

S.C. Code Ann. Section 58-9-1020 (1976) allows the Commission to employ a special agent or examiner in a telecommunications hearing. This person may administer oaths, examine witnesses, and receive evidence in any locality which the Commission may designate. The examiner may not be used in a telephone rate proceeding under the statute. We note that the present proceeding is not a telephone rate proceeding.

Further, 10 S.C. Code Ann. Regs. 103-841 (1976) states that when evidence is to be taken in a formal proceeding before the Commission, any Commissioner or any hearing examiner designated by the Commission may preside at the hearing. The presiding officer

has the duty to conduct full, fair, and impartial hearings under Section B of the regulation. Section C of the regulation requires that the presiding officer mail to the parties of record a proposed order when a majority of the Commissioners do not hear a formal proceeding or read the record thereof. The proposed order shall contain a statement of facts relied upon in formulating such order and each issue of fact or law necessary to it. The regulation then describes a mechanism for the parties to take exception to the proposed order and ultimately states, among other things, that the Commission will issue the final order in the case based upon the record, the proposed order, and other materials and any oral arguments that may take place. We believe that this regulation describes the appropriate procedure for Mr. Stark to employ as a hearing examiner in the present case.

Mr. Stark, a licensed attorney since 2012, is a Staff Attorney to the Commission and has been employed in that position since 2012. We believe that Mr. Stark has the ability and knowledge to properly carry out the hearing examiner's role in this case, and we therefore grant the Motion appointing him as hearing examiner.

In accordance with the preceding paragraphs, we make the following:

FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. S.C. Code Ann. Section 58-9-1020 (1976) allows the Commission to employ a special agent or examiner in non-rate telecommunications hearings.
2. The present proceeding is not a telephone rate proceeding.
3. 10 S.C. Code Ann. Regs. 103-841 (1976) allows a hearing examiner designated by the Commission to preside at a hearing. This regulation sets out the duties

and procedures to be employed by that examiner. These duties and procedures should be employed in the present case.

4. Mr. Stark has the ability and knowledge to act as a hearing examiner in the present case.

5. Mr. Stark should be appointed as the hearing examiner in this case.

ORDER

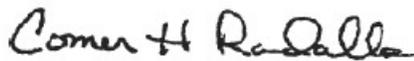
The Commission hereby appoints David Stark, Esquire, as the hearing examiner in the present case. Mr. Stark shall follow all applicable statutes and regulations that may pertain to his appointment.

BY ORDER OF THE COMMISSION:



Swain E. Whitfield, Chairman

ATTEST:



Comer H. Randall, Vice Chairman